ASSIGNMENT-02

Last Date of Submission: 04-05-2022, 11:59PM, Wednesday (in the Google classroom) Topic: Separable, Homogeneous, Bernoulli Equations

01. Solve the differential equation $(x-4)y^4dx - x^3(y^2-3)dy = 0$.

- **02.** Solve the initial value problem $x \sin y dx + (x^2 + 1) \cos y dy = 0$, $y(1) = \frac{\pi}{2}$.
- **03.** Solve the initial value problem $\left(y + \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}\right) dx x dy = 0$, y(1) = 0.

04. Solve the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} + y = xy^3$.

- **05.** Solve the differential equation $(xy+2x+y+2)dx+(x^2+2x)dy=0$.
- **06.** Solve the differential equation $\tan \theta dr + 2rd\theta = 0$.
- **07.** Solve the differential equation $v^3 du + (u^3 uv^2) dv = 0$.
- **08.** Solve the initial value problem (IVP) $8\cos^2 y dx + \csc^2 x dy = 0$, $y\left(\frac{\pi}{12}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4}$.
- **09.** Solve the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} \frac{y}{x} = -\frac{y^2}{x}$.
- **10.** Solve the differential equation $dy + (4y 8y^{-3})xdx = 0$.
- **11.** Solve the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} + y = f(x)$, where $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2, 0 \le x < 1 \\ 0, x \ge 1 \end{cases}$, y(0) = 0.
- **12.** The rate at which radioactive nuclei decay is proportional to the number of such nuclei that are present in a given sample. Half of the original numbers of radioactive nuclei have undergone disintegration in a period of 1500 years.
 - (a) What percentage of the original radioactive nuclei will remain after 4500 years?
 - (b) In how many years will only one-tenth of the original number remain?
- 13. The population x of a certain city satisfies the logistic law

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{1}{100} x - \frac{1}{(10)^8} x^2$$

where time t is measured in years. Given that the population of this city is 100,000 in 1980, determine the population as a function of time for t > 1980. In particular, answer the following questions:

- (a) What will be the population in 2000?
- (b) In what year does the 1980 population double?
- (c) How large the population ultimately be?
