

- (c) What is amoebiasis? Describe the life history and pathogenesis of the organism causing amoebiasis.
 $1+5+4=10$
- (d) Describe evolution of symmetry and segmentation of Metazoa.
 $5+5=10$
- (e) What is a coral reef? Mention the mechanism of formation and types of coral reef with significance.
 $1+3+4+2=10$
- (f) Describe the life cycle and pathogenicity of *Wuchereria bancrofti* with schematic representation.
 $6+4=10$
- (g) What are the important characters of class Cestoda? Write in brief the symptoms, treatment and prevention of *Taeniosis*.
 $4+2+2+2=10$
- (h) Write six distinctive characters of Porifera. Classify the phylum Porifera mentioning three characters of each class with example.
 $3+7=10$
-

Total number of printed pages-8

3 (Sem-1/CBCS) ZOO HC 1

2022

ZOOLOGY

(Honours)

Paper : ZOO-HC-1016

(Non-Chordates-I : Protista to Pseudocoelomates)

Full Marks : 60

Time : Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Choose the correct answer : **(any seven)**
 $1 \times 7 = 7$

- (a) Euglena belongs to class
 - (i) Zoomastigophora
 - (ii) Mastigophora
 - (iii) Actinopoda
 - (iv) Phytomastigophora

- (b) Flagellated cell in sponges are called
 (i) Pinacocytes
 (ii) Choanocytes
 (iii) Porocytes
 (iv) Thesocytes
- (c) Defence structure in Cnidaria is called
 (i) Blastostyles
 (ii) Gonozooids
 (iii) Nematocysts
 (iv) Nectocalyx
- (d) The infective stage to primary host of *Fasciola* is
 (i) Miracidium
 (ii) Sporocyst
 (iii) Metacercaria
 (iv) Cercaria
- (e) Beroe is the example of
 (i) Porifera
 (ii) Ctenophora
 (iii) Cnidaria
 (iv) Platyhelminthes
- (f) In Protista the division of parent organism into several daughter individuals is by
 (i) Plasmotomy
 (ii) Budding
 (iii) Multiple fission
 (iv) Binary fission
- (g) Elephantiasis is transmitted by
 (i) Mosquito
 (ii) Housefly
 (iii) Bedbug
 (iv) Fruitfly
- (h) Infective stage of *Ascaris* to man is
 (i) fertilized egg prior to development
 (ii) embryonated eggs
 (iii) larva after third moult
 (iv) larva after fourth moult
- (i) Polymorphism is the phenomenon found in the class
 (i) Anthozoa
 (ii) Scyphozoa
 (iii) Hydrozoa
 (iv) Cubozoa

- (j) Cuticle of *Ascaris* is adapted for
 (i) respiration
 (ii) defence from host
 (iii) locomotion
 (iv) reproduction
- (k) Intermediate host in the life cycle of *Fasciola hepatica* is
 (i) Pig
 (ii) Snail
 (iii) Crab
 (iv) Rat flea
- (l) Metridium is commonly known as
 (i) Sea fur
 (ii) Sea pen
 (iii) Sea anemone
 (iv) Sea fan
2. Match the following **Column-I** with **Column-II** : (any four) $2 \times 4 = 8$

(a)	Column-I	Column-II
(i)	Euspongia	(i) Amoeba
(ii)	Pseudopodia	(ii) Planula larva
(iii)	Plasmodium	(iii) Bath Sponge
(iv)	Cnidaria	(iv) Schizogony

(b)	Column-I	Column-II
(i)	Hydrozoa	(i) Six ray Spicule
(ii)	Pinacoderm	(ii) Cestoidea
(iii)	Hexactinellida	(iii) Polymorphism
(iv)	Anaerobic respiration	(iv) Scypha

(c)	Column-I	Column-II
(i)	Gorgonia	(i) Pennatula
(ii)	Alcyonium	(ii) Sea fan
(iii)	Euplectella	(iii) Dead man's finger
(iv)	Sea pen	(iv) Venus's flower basket

(d)	Column-I	Column-II
(i)	Paramecium	(i) Parenchymula
(ii)	Muscular Pharynx	(ii) Cnidaria
(iii)	Diploblastic	(iii) Filter feeder
(iv)	Porifera	(iv) Aschelminthes

(e)	Column-I	Column-II
(i)	Microfilaria	(i) Obelia
(ii)	Comb Jelly	(ii) Trematoda
(iii)	Polyp	(iii) Ctenophora
(iv)	Fasciola	(iv) Elephantiasis

(f)	Column-I	Column-II
(i)	Proglottids	(i) Ostia and Osculum as opening
(ii)	Ctenophora	(ii) Cnidaria
(iii)	Porifera	(iii) Comb like ciliary plate
(iv)	Stinging cell	(iv) Large number of segments

(g)	Column-I	Column-II
(i)	Brain Coral	(i) Physalia
(ii)	Pneumatophore	(ii) Coral reef
(iii)	Pinocytosis	(iii) Meandrina
(iv)	Attol	(iv) Protista

(h)	Column-I	Column-II
(i)	Offence and Defense	(i) Euglena
(ii)	Palmella stage	(ii) Spongocoel
(iii)	Sporulation	(iii) Dactylozoid
(iv)	Porifera	(iv) Amoeba

3. Answer **any three** from the following questions : $5 \times 3 = 15$

(a) Write the process of transverse binary fission in *Paramecium* with proper diagram.

(b) Explain different type of flagella movement of *Protista* with suitable diagram.

(c) Mention the function of canal system in *Porifera*.

(d) Describe the defense mechanism in *Cnidaria*.

(e) Discuss the resemblance and differences of *Ctenophora* with *Cnidaria*.

(f) Write briefly the parasitic adaptation of *Ascaris*.

(g) Write erythrocytic cycle of *Plasmodium* with suitable diagram.

(h) Draw a neat and labelled diagram of life cycle of *Fasciola hepatica*.

4. Answer **any three** from the following questions : $10 \times 3 = 30$

(a) Describe the locomotory organelles of protozoa. Write briefly the amoeboid movement specially mention Sol-gel theory. $6+4=10$

(b) What is skeleton in sponges? Give detail account on types and development of spicules. $2+4+4=10$